Further Maths Revision Paper 3

This paper consists of 5 questions covering CP1, CP2, FP1 and FM1. (AS Further Maths: Q1 and 3)

1

$$P = \begin{pmatrix} 4 & -2 \\ 3 & -1 \end{pmatrix}$$

The matrix P represents a linear transformation, T, of the plane.

- (a) Describe the invariant points of the transformation T.
- (b) Describe the invariant lines of the transformation T.

 $\mathbf{2}$

The point ${\cal P}$ lies on the hyperbola with equation

$$\frac{x^2}{a^2} - \frac{y^2}{b^2} = 1.$$

The points S and S' are the foci of the hyperbola. Show that S'P - SP = 2a

- 3
 - (a) Obtain the Cartesian equation of the straight line which passes through the point A(-1, 2, 3)and which is normal to the plane 2x - 3y + 4z + 8 = 0
 - (b) Calculate the coordinates of P the point of the intersection of this line with the plane.
 - (c) If the point B(a, 2a, 3) lies on the plane, find the value of a and calculate the angle between AP and AB in degrees giving your answer to 1 decimal place.

A red ball is stationary on a rectangular billiard table OABC.

It is then struck by a white ball of equal mass and equal radius with velocity $u(-2\mathbf{i} + 11\mathbf{j})$ where \mathbf{i} and \mathbf{j} are unit vectors along OA and OC respectively.

After impact the red and white balls have velocities parallel to the vector $-3\mathbf{i}+4\mathbf{j}$, $2\mathbf{i}+4\mathbf{j}$ respectively.

Show that the lines of centres on impact is parallel to $-3\mathbf{i} + 4\mathbf{j}$

Use Taylor's theorem to evaluate

$$\lim_{x \to \frac{\pi}{2}} \frac{\cos x}{\left(x - \frac{\pi}{2}\right)}$$

You may use:

$$f(x) = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{f^{(n)}(a)(x-a)^n}{n!}$$

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